Italian II Accelerated	
[Implement start year: (2013-2014)]	
Raymond Castor, Allison Dougherty, Marcella Meyer	
Unit 3 – La Media / Italian Media Students will be able to independently use their learning to retell a story from print and non-print media.	
Stage 1 – Desired Results	
7.1 World Languages All students will be able to use a world language in addition to English to engage in meaningful conversation, to understand and interpret spoken and written language, and to present information, concepts, and ideas, while also gaining an understanding of the perspectives of other cultures. Through language study, they will make connections with other content areas, compare the language and culture studied with their own, and participate in home and global communities. A. Interpretive B. Interpersonal C. Presentational	21st Century Themes (www.21stcenturyskills.org) _X Global Awareness Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy Civic Literacy Health Literacy Environmental Literacy Environmental Literacy Century Skills Creativity and Innovation _X Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
	XCommunication and Collaboration Information, Media and Technology Skills:Information LiteracyXMedia LiteracyICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy Life and Career Skills:Flexibility and AdaptabilityInitiative and Self-Direction _XSocial and Cross-Cultural SkillsProductivity and AccountabilityLeadership and Responsibility

Enduring Understandings:

Students will understand that . . .

EU 1

Movies, TV and print media affect how we see our own culture as well as Italian culture.

EU 2

The sequence and duration of events are an important part of storytelling.

Essential Questions:

EU 1

- What role do media play in our lives?
- Where do people get information in different cultures?
- How has Italian cinema evolved over generations?

EU 2

- In what way is how an event took place relevant?
- How are the sequence and duration an important part of storytelling?

Knowledge:

Students will know . . .

EU 1

- Media vocabulary
- Cinecittà and characteristics of Italian films
- Italian television programs and channels
- Movie reviews

EU 2

- Past tense expressions vocabulary
- The imperfect tense
- The difference between the *imperfetto* and the *passato prossimo* (imperfect and past perfect)

Skills:

Students will be able to . . .

EU 1

- Talk about films, television programs, and news
- Describe visual, print, and electronic forms of media
- Identify major Italian media outlets
- Compare and contrast Italian with American media
- Relate the plot of a movie

EU 2

- Use key expressions to clarify past actions and events
- Describe habits and repeated past actions
- Tell a story in the past

Stage 2 – Assessment Evidence	
Performance Tasks:	
Students will write a book or film recommendation for a friend in Milan in order to persuade him or her to read the story or watch the movie. The genre can be selected at teacher discretion, and the suggestion will include basic elements of the book or film's production like director, writer, and characters, and actors if applicable. The recommendation should also identify major elements of the work's plot.	
Other Evidence:	
Film vocabulary quizzes and tests	
 Conjugation or translation quiz on the <i>imperfetto</i> Quiz on the differences between passato prossimo and imperfetto 	
Speaking activities (teacher-student or student-interview)	
 Listening comprehension activities (dictation of words, spelling, etc) Unit test (including writing, listening, and speaking) 	
The took (morading writing, motoring, and opeaking)	

Stage 3 – Learning Plan

Suggested Learning Activities to Include Differentiated Instruction and Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The film Cinema Paradiso. (M)
- YouTube clip, Siskel and Ebert reviewing Cinema Paradiso. (A)
- Italian language movie reviews. (A)
- All relevant textbook materials, readings, listening exercises, and ancillaries. (A, M)
- Verb drills (Pass the ball, etc). (A)
- Simple translations related to film. (M)
- Teacher presentation about the history of Italian cinema (A)
- Activators and summarizers ticket to leave, cloze activities, etc. (A, M)
- Students write summaries of films they have seen. (M)
- Students are given Italian movie posters and make guesses about the film's plot. (M)
- Word web: What do students already know about foreign films? (A)
- Make an storyboard that tells a narrative using the passato prossimo and imperfetto. (M)
- Students find and review a TV show, book, or film. (T)
- Students create a comic strip that tells a story. (T)
- Students receive a series of present tense sentences describing a night out. Students then put the sentences into the past tense depending on what happened and when. (T)
- Director Project: Students research and create a poster about a famous Italian director. (M)
- Teacher led discussion How the media promotes Italian-American stereotypes. (M)
- Teacher review of reflexive verbs, adding the new tenses. (A)